

M.A.Sem-II

English: Paper -202

MCQS

1. Essays of Elia was published in
 - a) 1803
 - b) 1823
 - c) 1813
2. Charles Lamb use to write under the pen name of
 - a) Charles
 - b) Elia
 - c) Anne
3. Lamb's essays are deeply
 - a) personal and autobiographical
 - b) impersonal
 - c) imaginative
4. Charles Lamb's "Dream Children" is notable for its:
 - a) Crushing tragedy
 - b) Humor
 - c) Whimsical Pathos
5. Who is Field?
 - a) Lamb's brother
 - b) Lamb's sister
 - c) Lamb's grandmother
6. Mrs. Field was a good.....in her youth.
 - a) Singer
 - b) Dancer
 - c) Magician
7. Why the essay is entitled "Dream Children"?
 - a) Lamb never married
 - b) Lamb had no children from his wife

- c) Lamb dreamt to have such children
8. Whom does Lamb refer to as “faithful bridget”
- a) His grandmother
 - b) His mother
 - c) His sister
9. In “ My Relation” Lamb introduces us to his
- a) aunt
 - b) mother
 - c) brother
10. What is the speaker reflecting in the poem “Tintern Abbey”?
- a) His old job
 - b) His past
 - c) His marriage
11. What is the writing style of the poem “Tintern Abbey”?
- a) Grand style
 - b) Blank verse
 - c) Free verse
12. What is the overall theme of the “Tintern Abbey”?
- a) Nature and god are one
 - b) Man is the natural world
 - c) Memory and the past
13. What does the speaker imagine is responsible for the smoke rising above the trees from the poem “Tintern Abbey”?
- a) A factory
 - b) A hermit
 - c) A forest fire
14. What is the name of the river mentioned in the poem “Tintern Abbey”?
- a) The Nile river
 - b) The river Thames
 - c) The river Wye

15. How long has it been since last time the speaker toured the river in the poem “Tintern Abbey”?
- a) Three years
 - b) Five years
 - c) Eight years
16. What specific month is named multiple times throughout the poem “Intimation of Immortality from Recollection of Early Childhood”?
- a) April
 - b) May
 - c) December
17. How many stanzas are in the poem “Intimation of Immortality from Recollection of Early Childhood”?
- a) 15
 - b) 11
 - c) 14
18. In Coleridge’s poem “The Rime of the Ancient Mariner” where were the three gallants going?
- a) A funeral
 - b) A wedding
 - c) Market
19. How does the Ship begin to move after the Mariner wakes from the heavenly sleep?
- a) Mysteriously
 - b) The wind pushes it
 - c) The Ship moves itself
20. What falls into the sea, like lead?
- a) The corpses of the crew
 - b) The mariner
 - c) The dead Albatross
21. What does the Mariner hear after waking from the heavenly sleep?
- a) The screams of the crew
 - b) The ship groaning

c) A roaring wind

22. The Mariner prays to God that if he is not awake, then let him be

a) Dreaming

b) Permanently asleep

c) Woken up quickly

23. What happens to the Mariner when he tells the Hermit his story?

a) He falls asleep

b) His agony is doubled

c) He is relieved of his agony

24. At what age John Keats was died?

a) 20

b) 26

c) 30

25. Autumn starts after the departure of the.....seasons

a) Summer

b) Winter

c) Spring

26.was a great lover of nature.

a) John Keats

b) John Donne

c) W.H. Auden

27. Ode to Autumn contains

a) Two stanzas

b) Three stanzas

c) Four stanzas

28. Ode to Autumn is a poem of

a) Love

b) Nature

c) Struggle

29. Keats is a.....poet.

a) Romantic

b) Metaphysical

c) War

30. What does the speaker refer the urn to in the poem “Ode on a Grecian Urn”?

a) An unravished bride of quietness

b) Leaf fring’d legend haunts

c) Sylvan author

31. What does ‘citadel’ mean in the context of poem “Ode on a Grecian Urn”?

a) Fortress occupied by soldiers

b) Course die

c) The city the urn depicts

32. The overall tone of poem “Ode on a Grecian Urn” can be described as

a) Sarcastic

b) Vulgar

c) Mournful

33. The urn recites ‘beauty is truth, truth beauty’ to

a) The trees

b) Ugly people

c) The speaker & all other humans that it meets

34. “Ode to the West Wind” was written on

a) 1819

b) 1719

c) 1919

35. Shelly imagines the ‘west wind’ as a

a) Philosopher

b) Magician

c) Preacher

36. The west wind is both destroyer and

a) Giver

b) Creator

c) Preserver

37. What is wind carries like a chariot some, to different parts of the region?

- a) Leaves
 - b) Flowers
 - c) Seeds
38. Shelly calls the west wind a
- a) Wild spirit
 - b) Giant
 - c) Powerful force
39. The west wind in its howl sings....song of the year
- a) The funeral
 - b) The welcome
 - c) A joyful
40. The poet asks the west wind to make him its
- a) Flute
 - b) Lyre
 - c) Horn
41. The poem "Ode to the West Wind" ends with the poet's
- a) Optimistic note
 - b) Pessimistic note
 - c) Cheerful note
42. In the poem "Ode to the West Wind" what does the word 'dirge' mean?
- a) A song sung for a dead person
 - b) Urge to do something
 - c) A joyous movement
43. In his poem "To a Skylark", Shelley viewed the skylark as
- a) A small, brown bird
 - b) A good singer
 - c) A spirit
44. What is the speakers request to the Skylark in the last stanza
- a) For the bird to land near him to eat
 - b) To be taught
 - c) To continue its song for a very long time

45. Who is hidden away in a tower in the poem “To a Skylark”?
- a) A maiden
 - b) A rose
 - c) A poet
46. Who heals Ivanhoe after the tournament?
- a) Marian
 - b) Rebecca
 - c) Rowena
47. Why does Cedric disinherit Ivanhoe?
- a) For marrying Rowena
 - b) For loving Rowena
 - c) For following Richard to the Crusades
48. In what disguise does Ivanhoe return to England?
- a) A religious pilgrim
 - b) A prisoner
 - c) An ambassador
49. What characteristic does Rebecca have to an extraordinary degree?
- a) Self-control
 - b) Disinterest
 - c) Cruelty
50. Whom does Ivanhoe marry at the end of the novel?
- a) Rebecca
 - b) Rowena
 - c) Isolde